



PANKAJ PRITI & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of **Pay with Indiamart Private Limited**

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Pay With Indiamart Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022 and the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, standalone Cash Flow Statement and the standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the period then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principle specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended:

- (a) in the case of the standalone Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022.
- (b) in the case of the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, of the profit for the period ended on that date;
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the period ended on that date; and
- (d) In the case of the Statement of Changes in Equity, of the changes in equity for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter Paragraph

We refer accounting policy to the Financial Statement of the Company, wherein financial impact of COVID- 19 on the operations of the company have been disclosed. Future operations of the Company will be subject to developments on COVID-19 front together with stability in the economy which are currently uncertain.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial period ended at March 31,2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue recognition (as described in Note 2.2(d) and Note 14 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements)	
<p>Total turnover for the period ended at March 31,2022 amounted to Rs.25,571 thousands. The Company generates revenue primarily from web services and follows a prepaid model for its business.</p> <p>Revenue from web services are recognized based on output method i.e. pro-rata over the period of the contract as and when the company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised services to its customers.</p> <p>The service are delivered using IT system which manages very high volume on daily basis and generates reports from which Company recognizes revenue, and hence there is inherent risk around the completeness and accuracy of the revenue recognition. Given the involvement of high volume, IT systems and inherent risk involved as described above, we determined the revenue recognition as key audit matter of the audit.</p> <p>The Company's disclosures are included in Note 2.2(d) and Note 14 to the financial statement, which outlines the accounting policy for revenue and details of revenue.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· We read the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies and assessed compliance of policies with applicable financial reporting standards.· We obtained an understanding of the revenue recognition process and tested controls around revenue recognition.· We involved IT specialist, to obtain an understanding, evaluate the design, and test the operating effectiveness of the IT controls related to the revenue recognition process.· We tested the IT general controls (including access controls, change management control and other IT general controls.), the relevant application controls and tested the reports generated by the system.· We selected a sample of transactions and performed tests of details including reading the contract, identifying performance obligation etc., and assessed whether the criteria for revenue recognition is met.· We also obtained and tested overall reconciliation of revenue and collection as generated from IT systems with accounting system.

Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the standalone financial position, standalone financial performance including other comprehensive income, standalone cash flows and standalone changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The Board of Directors are also responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company's to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the

effectiveness of the Company's.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial period ended at March 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial

(B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us :

- a) The Company has no pending litigations as at 31 March 2022 that can affect its financial position in its Standalone financials statements.
- b) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- c) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
- d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d)(i) and (d)(ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- (e) During the year, the company did not declared or paid any dividend.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the Matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order.

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 016461N

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by PANKAJ
KUMAR KUMAR JAIN
Date: 2022.04.26
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Pankaj Jain (Partner)
Membership No. 095412

Place: Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022
UDIN: 22095412AHWCBA4920

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Pay With Indiamart Private Limited Report on the matters specified in paragraph 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph 2 of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section.

- i. The Company has no Fixed Assets, hence clause 3(i)(a) to (e) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- ii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not having any physical inventory. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iii. (a) The company has not granted any loans, or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood Guarantee, or provided security to any other entity.

(b) The Investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, in our opinion the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular. Further, the Company has not given any advance in the nature of loan to any party during the year.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given. Further, the Company has not given any advances in the nature of loans to any party during the year.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to same parties.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans to directors including entities in which they are interested and in respect of loans and advances given, investments made and, guarantees, and securities given have been complied with by the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- vi. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- vii. a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, to the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable
- b) There are no dues in respect of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013)
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"))
- x. (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer and Company has not raised any term loans. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable on the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xi. (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the company or on the company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year that causes the Standalone Ind AS financial statements materially misstated.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of audit, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and section 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- xiv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the companies act 2013.
- xv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.

- xvi. (a) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve bank of India act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve bank of India act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The company is not a Core Investment company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Company is not part of any group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended). Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- xvii. The company has not incurred any cash losses in current financial year and immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. In respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has not transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act as company is not required to comply with the provisions of section 135 of companies act 2013.
- xxi. Pay with Indiamart private limited is a subsidiary company of IndiaMart Intermesh limited and it does not have any subsidiary under it. It is not required to prepare consolidated financial statement. Hence, provisions of this clause are not applicable.

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 016461N

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PANKAJ KUMAR JAIN
Date: 2022.04.26
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Pankaj Jain (Partner)
Membership No. 095412
UDIN: 22095412AHWCBA4920

Place: Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Pay With Indiamart Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph 1(f) of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting **Pay With Indiamart Private Limited** ("the Company") as of at March 31,2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 016461N

**PANKAJ
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JAIN** Digitally signed
by PANKAJ
KUMAR JAIN
Date: 2022.04.26
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Pankaj Jain (Partner)
Membership No. 095412

UDIN: 22095412AHWCBA4920

Place: Delhi

Date: 26 April 2022

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022
(Amounts in INR "Thousands" , unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Non-current tax assets (net)	13	52	11
Total non-current assets		52	11
Current assets			
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	4	13,536	12,979
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5	20,866	26,150
(iv) Others financial assets	6	11,692	6,735
Other current assets	7	1,311	2,123
Total current assets		47,405	47,987
Total assets		47,457	47,998
Equity and liabilities			
Equity	8		
Equity share capital		1,000	1,000
Other equity		6,181	7,687
Total equity		7,181	8,687
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	9	38,628	33,866
Total non-current liabilities		38,628	33,866
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	10		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		105	151
(ii) Other financial liabilities	11	1,504	5,255
Other current liabilities	12	39	39
Total current liabilities		1,648	5,445
Total liabilities		40,276	39,311
Total equity and liabilities		47,457	47,998

Summary of significant accounting policies

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 016461N

PANKAJ KUMAR JAIN
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Date: 2022.04.26 18:36:47 +05'30'

Per Pankaj Jain
Partner
Membership No.: 095412

Place: New Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
CIN : U74999DL2017PTC312424

PRAVEEN KUMAR GOEL
Digitally signed by PRAVEEN KUMAR GOEL
Date: 2022.04.26 18:04:06 +05'30'

Praveen Kumar Goel
(Director)
DIN- 03604600

Place: Noida
Date: 26 April 2022

SHRAWAN KUMAR SHARMA
Digitally signed by SHRAWAN KUMAR SHARMA
Date: 2022.04.26 18:25:56 +05'30'

Shrawan Kumar Sharma
(Director)
DIN- 07043379

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022
(Amounts in INR "Thousands" , unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Income:			
Revenue from operations	14	25,571	27,696
Other income	15	558	995
Total income		26,129	28,691
Expenses:			
Finance costs	16	4,762	4,122
Other expenses	17	22,873	23,685
Total expenses		27,635	27,808
Profit/(loss) before tax		(1,506)	883
Income tax expense			
Current tax	20	-	111
Total tax expense		-	111
Profit/(loss) for the year		(1,506)	773
Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent year			
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		-	-
Income tax effect		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive Profit/(loss) for the year		(1,506)	773
Earnings per equity share:	18		
Basic Profit/(loss) per equity share		(15.06)	7.73
Diluted Profit/(loss) per equity share		(15.06)	1.73
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 016461N

PANKAJ KUMAR JAIN
Partner
Membership No.: 095412

Place: New Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
CIN : U74999DL2017PTC312424

Praveen Kumar Goel
(Director)
DIN- 03604600

PRAVEEN KUMAR GOEL
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Date: 2022.04.26 18:04:35 +05'30'

Place: Noida
Date: 26 April 2022

SHRAWAN KUMAR SHARMA
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Date: 2022.04.26 18:26:50 +05'30'

Shrawan Kumar Sharma
(Director)
DIN- 07043379

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

(Amounts in INR "Thousands" , unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(1,506)	883
Adjustments for:		
Interest expense	4,762	4,122
Fair value gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	(557)	(994)
Operating Profit/(loss) before working capital changes	2,699	4,012
Movement in working capital		
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	(4,956)	(2,908)
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	812	988
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	(1)	(9)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(3,751)	4,945
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	(46)	97
Cash generated/(used) from operations	(5,243)	7,126
Direct taxes paid/ (refund)	(41)	(98)
Net cash generated/(used) in operating activities	(5,284)	7,028
Cash flow from investing activities		
Redemption of mutual funds	-	5,000
Net cash generated/(used) in investing activities	-	5,000
Cash flow from financing activities		
Issue of preference share capital	-	2,500
Net cash generated from financing activities	-	2,500
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(5,284)	14,528
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	26,150	11,622
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	20,866	26,150
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks:		
- On current/ nodal accounts	20,866	26,150
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 5)	20,866	26,150

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Pankaj Priti & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 016461N

PANKAJ KUMAR JAIN
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Date: 2022.04.26 18:38:04 +05'30'

Partner
Membership No.: 095412

Place: New Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited

CIN : U74999DL2017PTC312424

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Shrawan Kumar Sharma
(Director)
DIN- 07043379

Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2022
(Amounts in INR "Thousands" , unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital (refer note 8)

Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up	Amount
As at 31 March 2020	1,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
As at 31 March 2021	1,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
As at 31 March 2022	1,000

(b) Other equity (refer note 9)

Particulars	Equity portion of OCCRPS (refer note 10)	Reserve and Surplus Retained Earning	Total
As at 31 March 2020	28,100	(22,295)	5,805
Profit for the year	-	773	773
Equity contribution	1,109	-	1,109
Total comprehensive income	1,109	773	1,882
As at 31 March 2021	29,209	(21,522)	7,687
Loss for the year	-	(1,506)	(1,506)
Total comprehensive loss	-	(1,506)	(1,506)
As at 31 March 2022	29,209	(23,028)	6,181

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For Pankaj Priti & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 016461N

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KUMAR JAIN**
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PANKAJ KUMAR JAIN
Date: 2022.04.26
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Per Pankaj Jain
Partner
Membership No.: 095412

Place: New Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pay With Indiamart Private Limited
CIN : U74999DL2017PTC312424

**PRAVEEN
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Date: 2022.04.26
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Praveen Kumar Goel
(Director)
DIN- 03604600

Place: Noida
Date: 26 April 2022

**SHRAWAN
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SHARMA
Date: 2022.04.26 18:27:49
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Shrawan Kumar Sharma
(Director)
DIN- 07043379

PAY WITH INDIAMART PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the condensed financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

(Amounts in “Thousands”)

1. Corporate Information

Pay With IndiaMart Private Limited (“the Company”) is a public company domiciled in India and was incorporated on February 07, 2017 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The company provides services in relation to facilitation of electronics payment through internet-based solution, financial intermediation, including advisory and consultancy services for internet based payment. The registered office of the Company is located at 1st Floor, 29-Daryagang, Netaji Subash Marg New Delhi-110002, India.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution passed by Board of Directors on 26 April 2022.

2. Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2022 have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (‘Ind AS’) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”).

These financial statements must be read in conjunction with the company’s last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021. They do include all the information required for complete set of Ind AS financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transaction that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Company’s financial position and performance since the last annual statements.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest INR thousand as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

3. Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management’s best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Therefore, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as Investment in optionally convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares (OCCRPS), Investment in mutual funds at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

PAY WITH INDIAMART PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the condensed financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

(Amounts in “Thousands”)

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the condensed interim financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- (i) Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- (ii) Level 2 — inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- (iii) Level 3 — Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability reflecting Company’s assumptions about pricing by market participants

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant note.

- Disclosures for valuation methods and quantitative disclosure of fair value measurement hierarchy (Note 21)

Impact of COVID-19

The Company has taken into account all the possible impacts of COVID-19 in preparation of these financial statements, including but not limited to its assessment of, liquidity and going concern assumption, recoverable values of its financial and non-financial assets, impact on revenue and cost, impact on leases, impact on investment in subsidiaries and associates and investment in other entities. The Company has carried out this assessment based on available internal and external sources of information upto the date of approval of these financial statements and believes that the impact of COVID-19 is not material to these financial statements and expects to recover the carrying amount of its assets. The impact of COVID-19 on the financial statements may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements owing to the nature and duration of COVID-19.

4. Recently issued accounting pronouncements

On 24 March 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), notified amendments in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 effective from 1 April 2021. Following are key amended provisions which may have impact on the presentation of financial statement of the Company:

Balance sheet:

- Specified format for disclosure of shareholding of promoters.
- Specified format for ageing schedule of trade payables.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these amendment on its financial statements.

4 Current investments	As at		As at	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Investments in mutual funds- quoted (measured at FVTPL)	No. of Units	Amount	No. of Units	Amount
ICICI Prudential Saving Fund-Direct Plan Growth	30,924	13,536	30,924	12,979
Total	30,924	13,536	30,924	12,979
5 Cash and cash equivalents	As at		As at	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Balance with bank				
- On current accounts			19,118	22,615
- On nodal accounts			1,748	3,535
Total Cash and cash equivalents			20,866	26,150
Notes:				
Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash and cash equivalents as shown above.				
6 Other financial assets	As at		As at	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Current (unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)				
Amount recoverable from payment gateway banks (net of provision)		11,509		6,632
Amount recoverable from customers		183		-
Receivable from related party		-		103
Total		11,692		6,735
These financial assets are measured at amortised cost.				
7 Other current assets	As at		As at	
	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Current (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
Balances with government authorities		1,304		2,121
Prepaid expenses		7		2
Total		1,311		2,123

9 Borrowings

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Non-current		
Liability component of compound financial instrument		
Optionally convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares (unsecured)	38,628	33,866
Total	38,628	33,866

Terms of conversion/ redemption of 0.01% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Share (OCCRPS)

The Company has issued only one class of preference shares i.e. 0.01% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (OCCRPS). The OCCRPS shall carry a preferential right vis-à-vis Equity Shares of the Company with respect to payment of dividend and repayment in case of a winding up; the OCCRPS shall be participating in the surplus funds; the OCCRPS shall be participating in surplus assets and profits, on winding-up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid; the OCCRPS will be entitled to dividend, if declared by the Board of Directors, on cumulative basis. With effect from 22 February 2019, the Company has changed its terms of OCCRPS to fix the tenure till 31 January 2028 and amount of redemption of preference shares to Rs. 30 per share including Rs 20 per share for premium on redemption. The OCCRPS holders have voting rights only in respect of certain matters as per the provisions of Section 47(2) of the Companies Act 2013. The OCCRPS will be optionally convertible into equity share of the Company at 1:1 ratio at the option of the holder at the expiry of terms on 31 January 2028 at Rs 30 per share including Rs 20 per share for premium on redemption. Consequent to the change in redemption terms with effect from 22 February 2019 the nature is changed from fair value through P&L to measurement through amortise cost.

Authorised preference share capital

	Number of shares	Amount
At 31 March 2020	4,850,000	48,500
At 31 March 2021	4,850,000	48,500
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	-	-
At 31 March 2022	4,850,000	48,500

Issued preference share capital (subscribed and fully paid up)

	Number of shares	Amount
At 31 March 2020	2,650,000	26,500
Shares issued during the year	125,000	1,250
At 31 March 2021	2,775,000	27,750
Shares issued during the year	-	-
At 31 March 2022	2,775,000	27,750

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Number	percentage	Number	percentage
a) Shares held by holding company				
Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Indiamart Internesh Limited	2,775,000	100%	2,775,000	100%
b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% preference shares in the Company				
Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Indiamart Internesh Limited	2,775,000	100%	2,775,000	100%

10 Trade payables

Trade payables	As at 31 March 2022			As at 31 March 2021	
Current					
Outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises			-		-
Dues to other than MSMEDs					
- others			105		151
Total			105		151
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment / transaction	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
31 March 2022					
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	52	-	-	-	52
Accrued expenses	-	-	-	-	53
31 March 2021					
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	151	-	-	-	151

11 Other financial liabilities

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Other advances	1,504	5,255
Total	1,504	5,255

12 Other current liabilities

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Tax deducted at source payable	39	39
Total	39	39

13 Tax assets and liabilities

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Non-current tax assets (net)		
Income tax assets	163	122
Less: Provision for income tax	(111)	(111)
Total	52	11

8 Share capital
Equity share capital

Authorised equity share capital

	Number of shares	Amount
At 31 March 2020	250,000	2,500
At 31 March 2021	250,000	2,500
Increase/(Decrease) during the year	-	-
At 31 March 2022	250,000	2,500

Issued equity share capital (subscribed and fully paid up)

	Number of shares	Amount
At 31 March 2020	100,000	1,000
At 31 March 2021	100,000	1,000
Shares issued during the year	-	-
At 31 March 2022	100,000	1,000

a) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares:

- 1) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity is entitled to one vote per share.
- 2) In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b) Shares held by holding company

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Number	percentage	Number	percentage
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Indiamart Intermesh Limited (including nominee shares held on behalf of IndiaMART InterMESH Limited)	100,000	100%	100,000	100%

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Number	percentage	Number	percentage
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Indiamart Intermesh Limited (including nominee shares held on behalf of IndiaMART InterMESH Limited)	100,000	100%	100,000	100%

d) Details of shareholding of promoters

	As at 31 March 2022			As at 31 March 2021	
	Number	% Holding	% Change during the year	Number	% Holding
Indiamart Intermesh Limited	99,999	99.99%	-	99,999	99.99%
Shrawan Kumar Sharma (Nominee of Indiamart Intermesh Limited)	1	0.01%	-	1	0.01%
	100,000	100%		100,000	100%

e) Other equity

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Equity portion of optionally convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares (refer note 10)	29,209	29,209
Retained earnings	(23,028)	(21,522)
Total other equity	6,181	7,687

14 Revenue from operations

Sale of services

Income from Services

Total

For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
25,571	27,696
25,571	27,696

Since the Company does not have any contract liabilities at the reporting date; therefore, the revenue expected to be recognised in the future related to performance obligation are not disclosed

15 Other income

Interest income

- others

Fair value gain on financial assets measured at FVTPL

-Investment in mutual funds

Total

For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
1	1
557	994
558	995

16 Finance costs

Interest expense on financial liability measured at amortised cost

Total

For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
4,762	4,122
4,762	4,122

17 Other expenses

Legal and professional fees

Referral fees

Rates and taxes

Auditor's remuneration

Collection charges

Allowances for doubtful debts (including bad debts)

Total

For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
561	497
4,251	4,533
7	6
70	60
17,263	18,595
721	(6)
22,873	23,685

18 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company by weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Profit/(loss) for the year	(1,506)	773
Interest expense on convertible preference shares	4,762	4,122
Adjusted Profit/(loss) for the year	3,256	4,895
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	100,000	100,000
Potential equity shares in the form of convertible preference shares	2,775,000	2,737,329
Total no. of shares outstanding (including dilution)	2,875,000	2,837,329
Basic Profit/(loss) per equity share	(15.06)	7.73
Diluted Profit/(loss) per equity share	(15.06)	1.73

There are potential equity shares which are anti-dilutive, hence they are ignored in the calculation of diluted loss per share and accordingly the diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share

19 Related party transactions

a) Names of related parties and related party relationship

Holding Company	Indiamart Intermesh Limited
Key Management Personnel	Shrawan Kumar Sharma , Director Praveen Kumar Goel, Director Amit Jain, Director

b) Related party transactions :

i) The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with the related parties during the year :

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Holding Company Issue of preference Share (incl. premium)	-	2,500
Holding Company Reimbursement towards indemnifying cases	996	1,757
Holding Company Income from web services	2,489	1,595
Referral fees paid	4,251	4,533

ii) The following table provides the Balance outstanding with the related parties :

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Holding Company Amount Recoverable	-	103

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are entered on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

20 Additional Regulatory Information
- Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current year	Previous year	% Variance*
Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current liabilities	29	8.81	226%
Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit after tax, attributable to equity shareholders	Average Shareholder's Equity	-19%	10%	-290%
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Other expenses	Average trade payable	178.80	231.24	-23%
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Working capital (Current Assets-Current liabilities)	0.56	0.65	-14%
Net profit ratio (in %)	Net profit after tax	Revenue from operations	-6%	3%	-311%
Return on Capital employed (ROCE) (in %)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital employed (Refer Note 1 below)	45%	58%	-21%
Return on investment (ROI) (in %)	Income generated from invested funds (Refer Note 2 below)	Average invested funds in treasury investments (Refer Note 3 below)	4%	8%	-44%

- Notes
- Capital Employed = Total shareholder's equity
 - Income generated from invested funds = FVTPL gain on mutual funds
 - Average invested funds in treasury investments = Average of (Average quarterly opening treasury investments and quarterly closing treasury investments #)
Treasury Investments = Mutual funds
 - Average is calculating based on simple average of opening and closing balances.

* Explanation where variance in ratio is more than 25%

- **Current ratio**
Current Liabilities have reduced in current year due to improvisation in the payable process thereby reducing payment cycle of the vendors, leading to increased ratio in the current year.

- **Return on Equity Ratio/ Net profit ratio**
There is loss in current year as against profit in previous year, leading to negative return on equity and net profit ratio.

- **Return on investment (ROI)**
RBI had taken measures during COVID-19 in the month of March 2020 hence cut interest rates drastically, and introduced ample liquidity measures. We generated high returns in our mutual fund portfolio due to these liquidity measures in F.Y. 2020-2021.

21 Financial instruments

a) Category wise details as to carrying value, fair value and the level of fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

	Level	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial assets			
a) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)			
- Investment in mutual funds	Level 1	13,536	12,979
		13,536	12,979
b) Measured at Amortised cost			
- Cash and cash equivalents		20,866	26,150
- Others financial assets		11,692	6,735
		32,558	32,885
Total financial assets		46,094	45,864
Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortised cost			
- Borrowings		38,628	33,866
- Trade payables		105	151
- Other financial liabilities		1,504	5,255
		40,237	39,272
Total financial liabilities		40,237	39,272

b) The following methods / assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

i) The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost approximate their fair value.

ii) The fair value of non current borrowings are based on discounted cash flow using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable input, including own credit risk

22 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The Company manages its capital to ensure that the company will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Company is neither subject to externally imposed capital requirements nor exposed to external borrowings. For the purpose of the capital management, the management considers the borrowings pertaining to OCCRPS as part of the Capital.

The Company reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the Company considers the cost of capital, risks associated with each class of capital requirements and maintenance of adequate liquidity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

23 Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified to conform to the classification of the current year.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

Per Pankaj Jain

Partner
Membership No.: 095412

**PANKAJ
KUMAR
JAIN**
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by PANKAJ
KUMAR JAIN
Date: 2022.04.26
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Praveen Kumar Goel

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Shrawan Kumar Sharma

(Director)
DIN- 07043379

Place: New Delhi
Date: 26 April 2022

Place: Noida
Date: 26 April 2022